



## **Fiscal Policy Stance is Clearer: On to the Monetary Policy\***

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There were considerable apprehensions about how the Finance Minister would balance the fiscal consolidation objective with the objective of reviving growth by increasing infrastructure spending. The budget proposes to compress the fiscal deficit by half a percentage point to GDP to 5.9% while increasing the capital expenditure from 2.7% of GDP to 3.3%. In nominal terms, this is 37% higher than the revised estimate of the previous year and comes on the back of 23% higher outlay than the revised estimate of the previous year and 39% increase in the year before. In many ways, it is an ambitious budget and is crafted at a time when the global economic environment is challenging and domestically the engines of growth except private consumption were stuttering.

Although the fiscal deficit projections show the reduction by 0.5%, the next two years are going to be challenging. Reducing the fiscal deficit to 4.5% by 2025-26 requires compression of deficit by 1.4 percentage points in the next two years. This is the last full year budget before elections and as there will be general elections next year, feasibility of large compression of fiscal deficit next year is questionable. Given that interest payments at the central level constitute 40% of the revenue receipts, further addition to the debt will only add to the problem and in some ways, it would have been better to front load fiscal adjustment.

The global economic environment poses serious uncertainties. The IMF, in its latest revision, has estimated global GDP growth at 2.9% as against 3.2% in the previous year and 6.1%, the year before. More than a third of the economies are facing recessionary conditions. The excess liquidity released during the pandemic and the sharp increase in food and energy prices due to the Russia-Ukraine war and the sanctions have not only resulted in both inflationary conditions but also supply chain disruptions causing significant economic slowdowns in most parts of the world. Besides, there has been a secular decline in saving and investment rates in India and most projections show the economy decelerating from 7% growth this year to 6- 6.5% in the next with an upward bias. The slowing world economy does not leave much scope for reviving exports and the only way the growth can be maintained and accelerated is by increasing public investment. Considering the fact infrastructure spending has a crowding-in effect, the sharp increase in capital expenditure could help to revive private investment as well.

Of course, the actual increase in public investment will depend upon how well the budget is implemented. The increase in capital expenditures was done mainly by compressing revenue expenditures and the budgeted revenue expenditure in nominal terms is just 1.2% higher than the revised estimate of the previous year. While interest payment itself takes claims 40% of revenues,



there is very little scope for compressing revenue expenditures. Much of the compression has come from reducing food subsidies, the fertilizer subsidy, and reduced allocations to the MGNREGA. The food subsidy has been cut by Rs 90,000 crore and mainly due to the discontinuation of foodgrain distribution under PMGKAY. The fertilizer subsidy was reduced by Rs 50,000 crore due to lower prices. MGNREGA funds allocation has been reduced by Rs 29,000 crore (from Rs 89,400 crore in 2022-23 RE to Rs 60,000 crore in 2023-24 BE).

There are a number of other budget announcements which basically are intended to appeal to virtually every section of population. The seven focus areas stated in the budget are intended to appease across a wide section of people and most of them are in the State or concurrent list. The direct tax policy announcement is mainly aimed nudging the taxpayers to opt for the new tax regime. Of course, a tax policy without tax preferences is simple and desirable but providing options will add to the confusion.

After the budget, the focus was shifted to the monetary policy stance. In line with the market opinions, the monetary policy committee increased the repo rate marginally by 25 basis points. But the MPC continued with the accommodating stance. With the inflation rate crossing again the upper target of 6% in January 2023, and the core inflation continues to be sticky leaving little room for any easing in the near term. Besides, the better employment data in the US and the possibility of a further increase in the rate by the Fed could lead to the outflow of FII widening the current account and exchange rate depreciation putting pressure on prices. Therefore, the dilemma of supporting growth on the one hand and controlling inflation on the other will continue for some more time.

**\* Views are personal.**



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